The Future of the Healthcare Marketplace: What’s Next?

Ian Morrison PhD

www.ianmorrison.com
Looking Ahead
  - Politics and Policy
  - Consolidation and Disruption
  - Shallow Pocketed Consumers
  - Employers Stay or Go
  - Providers: Risk or Not?
  - Nurse Workforce

The End Game
But ultimately it all comes from households whether as taxes, foregone income at work, or directly as out of pocket costs and premiums paid by consumers.
How Americans Get Health Insurance, 2017

- ACA has impacted a small portion of the insurance market relative to how it is covered in the public debates on health care
- Medicaid is now the largest public insurance program and covers many of the neediest beneficiaries as well as expansion populations
- Medicare is highly valued and Medicare Advantage grows
- Employer-Sponsored health insurance for most Americans and it is the financial lifeblood of the delivery system
Medicare Advantage Growth

Figure 1
Total Medicare Advantage Enrollment, 1999-2018 (in millions)

NOTE: Includes cost plans as well as Medicare Advantage plans. About 61 million people are enrolled in Medicare in 2018.
SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of CMS Medicare Advantage enrollment files, 2008-2018, and MPR, 1999-2007; enrollment numbers from March of the respective year, with the exception of 2006, which is from April.
Medicare Advantage Penetration by State, 2018

NOTE: Includes cost plans, which comprise the majority of enrollment in MN, ND, and SD, as well as other Medicare Advantage plans. Excludes beneficiaries with unknown county addresses.

Status of State Medicaid Expansion Decisions

NOTES: Current status for each state is based on KFF tracking and analysis of state activity. *Expansion is adopted but not yet implemented in ID, ME, NE, and UT. ‡VA began enrollment on November 1, 2018 for Medicaid expansion coverage that will take effect on January 1, 2019. (See link below for additional state-specific notes).

Uninsured Rates by County, 2016
Uninsured Rates by County 2016
Working Age Adults Below 138% of FPL
REPEAL AND REPLACE IS LIKE BREAKING UP THE BEATLES: JUST KEEP GEORGE AND RINGO AND EXPECT IT TO SOUND GOOD

Taxes and Fees Raised
Guaranteed Issuance

Mandates

Subsidies to Medicaid and Exchanges
Stay on Parents Plan

"All you are left with is Ringo”  Chris Jennings
“Republican policies are ideologically coherent, they just aren’t actuarially coherent.”  Ian Morrison
The Era of Ideological Repeal And Replace

Use Executive Orders
- Association Health Plans
- Short Term Plans
- Essential Benefits Erosion

Cut CSRs (maybe we don’t want them back)

Zero out the individual mandate fine for 2019 and beyond

Cut Medicare and Medicaid Budgets

“Give back Obamacare Taxes to (rich people/taxpayers) in Tax Reform”

Don’t enforce the law

“The Secretary shall”...but maybe not

Waiver Authority to states
- Fees for Medicaid
- Work Requirements (under legal challenge)
- Short term plans
- Essential Benefits/Life time Caps?

2019 Signups confirmed at 11.5 million will end up down 2.4% from 2018 despite massive reduction in federal outreach support

Sources: Ian Morrison, Charles Gaba ACA Signups, @Aslavitt, Leavitt Partners

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### TOP STATES IN 2019 EXCHANGE ENROLLMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STATE</th>
<th>ENROLLMENT (000)</th>
<th>EXPANDED MEDICAID</th>
<th>VOTED TRUMP IN 2016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLORIDA</td>
<td>1,783</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIFORNIA</td>
<td>1,514</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEXAS</td>
<td>1,087</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTH CAROLINA</td>
<td>501</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEORGIA</td>
<td>458</td>
<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PENNSYLVANIA</td>
<td>365</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIRGINIA</td>
<td>328</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILLINOIS</td>
<td>312</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASSACHUSETTS</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MICHIGAN</td>
<td>274</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LP Scenarios: The Road to Value Requires Deliberate Action

**Integrated Care For Value**

Triumph of the moderates - declare value to be the currency of health care, with bipartisan public investment to bolster faster move to value in private sector, accelerate IT standards, empower physicians.

**Maryland-ish For All**

Political rebound of “blue wave” elections drives partisan solution - cost control emerges as driving force, and administered pricing becomes the vehicle with a strong guiding hand from Washington.

**Unbridled Market Principles**

Retain Republican leadership and vision of removing ACA underpinnings, plus significant Medicare / Medicaid cut backs; more consumer shopping; less volume but more profit.

**The ACA Lives On**

Divided government returns, but minor “repairs” to ACA fall short. Moderate to high variation across States, with waivers encouraging conservative principles in marketplaces and Medicaid.

**PARTISANSHIP**

Divided government returns, but minor “repairs” to ACA fall short. Moderate to high variation across States, with waivers encouraging conservative principles in marketplaces and Medicaid.
LP Surveys: Overall Americans are not feeling secure with their insurance, across all insurance types, though public insurance does score higher.

Overall, how well does your health insurance plan meet your family’s health needs?

On total, big drop from 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Insured</th>
<th>By Insurance Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total 2018 (n = 4419)</td>
<td>Original Medicare (n = 646)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extremely well</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very well</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somewhat well</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not very well</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not at all</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On total, big drop from 2017
Why Employer Coverage Is No Longer Beyond Reproach

Average share of family income going towards health insurance premium contributions and out-of-pocket medical expenses, 2017

- Premium (employee contribution)
- Out-of-pocket payments for medical care
- Combined (premium contribution + out-of-pocket)

Among people in working families with employment-based coverage

Source: KFF analysis of 2017 Current Population Survey • Get the data • PNG
## Why Employer Coverage Is No Longer Beyond Reproach

### Exhibit 9

**Underinsured indicators among adults with employer coverage**

Millions already lose or change health plans every year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Out of pocket medical expenses equal 10% or more of family annual income</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out of pocket medical expenses equal 5% or more of income if low income</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative percent/millions, using two indicators above</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deductible equals 5% or more of income</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative percent/millions, using all three indicators</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**How U.S. workers leave their jobs**

Jan. 2009 to Feb. 2019

- **Quit**: 3.5m
- **Laid off**: 1.7m
- **Retire/other**: 334k
- **FEB. 2019 TOTAL**: 5.6m

Data: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Chart: Andrew Witherspoon/Axios

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LP Consumer Survey: Sicker Americans with employer coverage more likely to feel their condition makes it difficult to take care of themselves.

% Total Agree “My health condition makes it difficult to take care of myself”

- **No Chronic Disease**: 6%
- **1 Chronic Disease**: 7%
- **2 Chronic Disease**: 15%
- **3+ Chronic Disease**: 20%

- **Employer**
- **Original Medicare**
- **Medicare Advantage**
- **Medicaid**

October 2018 LP Survey of Consumers, n=5000;
Health Care Is A “Budget Buster” At The Federal Level

SOURCE: Congressional Budget Office

CBO: “Overall the Administration’s proposals would reduce mandatory federal spending for health care by $1.3 trillion (or 8 percent) over the coming decade.”
Single Payer: Simple, Seductive Solution?

- “You are not Canadian”
- FFS Hamster Care
- Massive transfer of income from rich to poor
- Reduce the prices and incomes of all actors through government monopsony
- “Balloon in a Box”
- Change the mix: Get Rid of the Specialists
- Good Luck With That

- If Not Pure Play Single Payer, in a Bluer World, expect
  - Medicare X and Medicaid X
  - All Payer Rate Setting
  - Balloon in a Box Solutions
  - Drug Price Limits tied to Measured Value
Balloon in a Box
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposal Description</th>
<th>Support (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allowing people between the ages of 50 and 64 to buy health insurance through Medicare</td>
<td>77%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allowing people who don't get health insurance at work to buy through their state Medicaid program instead of purchasing a private plan</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creating a national government administered health plan similar to Medicare open to anyone, but would allow people to keep the coverage they have</td>
<td>74%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Having a national health plan, sometimes called Medicare-for-all, in which all Americans would get their insurance from a single government plan</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Support for Medicare for All Drops when assumed consequences are considered

Public Opinion Towards National Medicare-For-All Plan Shifts After Hearing Information About Potential Effects

Net favorability towards a national Medicare-For-All plan after hearing each of the following:

- Medicare-for-all: +14
- Guarantee health insurance as a right: +45
- Eliminate premiums and reduce out-of-pocket costs: +37
- Eliminate private health insurance companies: -21
- Require most Americans to pay more taxes: -23
- Threaten the current Medicare program: -28
- Would lead to delays for people seeking care: -44

It’s the Prices Stupid

Figure 4.4. Relative Prices of Hospital Systems in 25 States, 2015–2017

NOTE: Relative prices equal the ratio of the amounts actually paid divided by the amounts that would have been paid—for the same services provided by the same hospitals—using Medicare’s price-setting formulas.

Price Trends Vary by State: Average 241% of Medicare in the 25 States

Figure 4.3. Trends in Relative Prices for Selected States, 2015–2017

NOTE: Relative prices equal the ratio of the amounts actually paid divided by the amounts that would have been paid—for the same services provided by the same hospitals—using Medicare’s price-setting formulas.
AGGREGATE HOSPITAL PAYMENT-TO-COST RATIOS FOR PRIVATE PAYERS, MEDICARE AND MEDICAID, 1994 – 2014

Source: Analysis of American Hospital Association Annual Survey data, 2014, for community hospitals.

(1) Includes Medicaid Disproportionate Share payments.

(2) Includes Medicare Disproportionate Share payments.
Implications:

Big Picture Politics And Policy

- Prepare for less financial support from DC for Medicaid and exchanges and more state flexibility through waivers (e.g. work requirements)
- Expect intense Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement pressure in longer run because of the massive deficit, debt and tax cuts
- Expect more focus on commercial prices
- Anticipate belt tightening in the eco-system, generally as margins tighten
- Expect even more consolidation as weaker players capitulate
- Anticipate stronger signals on volume to value from Azar as DHHS Secretary
- Hope that there is no extreme retaliatory behavior toward Blue states from Trump Administration if Repeal and Replace is really dead
- Expect California and other Blue states to push ahead on reform despite all this
- Expect some more Red States to pick up on Conservative forms of Medicaid expansion
- If it gets Bluer in 2020: Medicare for All Debate but can it become policy?
- If it gets Redder in 2020: More devolved to the states and “Block Grantanistas”
- Flexibility without money is not flexibility
Progression of Payment arrangements

Populations-Based

- FFS
- Care Management
- P4P
- Shared Savings
- Shared Savings/Losses
- Partial Capitation
- Full Capitation

Increasing Risk

Pre-ACO

ACO

Episode-Based

- Usual & Customary
- Fee Schedule
- Prospective Payments
- Bundled Payments
ACO Growth Over Time

ACO activity continues to increase over time, with about 10% of the US population covered by an ACO.

Source: Leavitt Partners Center for Accountable Care Intelligence

NOTE: Data reflects all ACOs currently in the LP ACO Tracking Database. As LP processes new data sources, these numbers may change.
ACO contracting has increased steadily over time. Both commercial and Medicare contracts have driven much of this growth, but commercial contracts currently cover the majority of ACO lives.

Source: Leavitt Partners Center for Accountable Care Intelligence. *Note: Q4 numbers are current as of December 1, 2018.
ACO Quality and Savings Results

Results from Medicare Shared Savings Program ACOs do not yet reveal a correlation between cost and quality.

Global Drivers of Disruption

- Money: Private Equity and Venture Capital
- Large Corporate Mergers and Non-Profit Consolidation
- Massive and Relentless transformation to ambulatory environment leads to retailization of healthcare, focus on new players and new settings of care
- Specialty Pharma ascendant over hospital inpatient
- Prediction and Cure Paradigm rather than Primary prevention and Acute Care Treatment
- Technology enablers: AI, Machine Learning, Mobile, Cloud, Blockchain, Voice Recognition, Open Data and API
- Fear of New Entrants like Amazon, Apple, Google and Facebook with global reach causing health systems to disrupt rather than being disrupted
- An aging society with insufficient retirement assets
- The Rise of Consumerism
New Combinations

Sources: Modern Healthcare, Industry Press Releases
Hospitals in Health Systems
Employers on the Edge

- Self-Insured Employers are the financial lifeblood of the healthcare delivery system
- Not exiting in a full employment economy but steady erosion of coverage among small business and low income workers
- Reaching limits of Cost-Shifting to employees ....but still doing it
- Looking for alternatives
- Trying many initiatives to increase value
- Stitching together responses
- Specialty pharma a key concern
- What will they support as policy?
Milliman Medical Index

Note: Includes Out of Pocket Costs
Figure 6.5
Average Annual Worker and Employer Contributions to Premiums and Total Premiums for Family Coverage, 1999-2018

Employer Contribution | Worker Contribution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Employer Contribution</th>
<th>Worker Contribution</th>
<th>Total Premiums</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1999</td>
<td>$4,247</td>
<td>$1,543</td>
<td>$5,791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>$4,819*</td>
<td>$1,619</td>
<td>$6,438*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>$5,274*</td>
<td>$1,787</td>
<td>$7,061*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>$5,866*</td>
<td>$2,137*</td>
<td>$8,003*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$6,657*</td>
<td>$2,412*</td>
<td>$9,068*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>$7,289*</td>
<td>$2,681*</td>
<td>$9,950*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$8,167*</td>
<td>$2,713</td>
<td>$10,880*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>$8,508*</td>
<td>$2,973*</td>
<td>$11,480*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>$8,824</td>
<td>$3,281*</td>
<td>$12,106*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>$9,325*</td>
<td>$3,545</td>
<td>$12,680*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>$9,860*</td>
<td>$3,515</td>
<td>$13,375*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>$9,773</td>
<td>$3,997*</td>
<td>$13,770*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>$10,944*</td>
<td>$4,129</td>
<td>$15,073*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>$11,429*</td>
<td>$4,316</td>
<td>$15,745*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>$11,786</td>
<td>$4,565</td>
<td>$16,351*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>$12,011</td>
<td>$4,823</td>
<td>$16,834*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>$12,591*</td>
<td>$4,955</td>
<td>$17,545*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$12,865</td>
<td>$5,277</td>
<td>$18,142*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>$13,049</td>
<td>$5,714</td>
<td>$18,764*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>$14,069*</td>
<td>$5,547</td>
<td>$19,616*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimate is statistically different from estimate for the previous year shown (p < .05).

Figure 7.15
Percentage of Covered Workers Enrolled in a Plan with a General Annual Deductible of $2,000 or More for Single Coverage, by Firm Size, 2009-2018

* Estimate is statistically different from estimate for the previous year shown (p < .05).

NOTE: Small Firms have 3-199 workers and Large Firms have 200 or more workers. These estimates include workers enrolled in HDHP/SOs and other plan types. Average general annual deductibles are for in-network services.

Percentage of All Workers Covered by Their Employer's Health Benefits, Both In Firms Offering and Not Offering Health Benefits, by Firm Size, 1999-2017

* Estimate is statistically different from estimate for the previous year shown (p < .05).

HIP Surveys: Fewer employers are looking for a way out; continue to feel responsibility for employee health needs

Company’s Position on Employer-Sponsored Healthcare: Providing Benefits
(Top-2 Box % - Describes Completely/Very Well)

- It is our responsibility to ensure our employees' health needs are met
- My company is actively exploring ways to get out of providing health insurance to our employees
- Employer-based health insurance will soon become a thing of the past
- My company feels it is worth it to pay the penalty associated with not providing employee health benefits rather than providing health benefits to our employees.*

* Asked only of Employers with 50 or more employees

Base: All Employer Health Benefit Decision Makers; 2014-2016 data from Nielsen’s Strategic Health Perspectives (n=340); LP Surveys (2017 n=538, 2018 n=550)
Q800: Please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements. Do you strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree?
Five Dimensions of Consumerism

- Increased use of transparency and consumer navigation tools to guide choices
- Importance of consumer experience to providers and plans, both in terms of patient acquisition, retention and loyalty, as well as patient satisfaction
- Ever higher expectations of service industries driven by their positive experience with high-technology–enabled consumer offerings
- Consumers need to be more proactive and engaged in their own health and wellness
- Rising out-of-pocket cost burden
RISK-BEARING STRATEGIES VARY CONSIDERABLY

Hospitals committing to clinical integration for contracting w/ payers, but full risk only for the few

Hospital Risk Management Strategy

Base: All Hospital-Based Execs (2016: n=205; 2015: n=200; 2014: n=202)

Q980: Which of the following best describes your hospital’s/hospital system’s “risk bearing” strategy?
WHAT POPULATION LEVEL ANALYTICS REVEAL

• The 5/50 Problem
  – 5% account for 50% of spending
  – 1% account for 20%
  – Bottom 50% account for about 2%

• Segmentation of populations

• What you will find ...
  – HONDAS
  – Behavioral health
  – End-of-life care
  – Cancer
  – Frail elderly
  – Social work not medical care
  – Specialty pharmaceuticals
The End Game

- **Integrated Care**
  - Integrated Health Systems of different flavors built around Medical Groups
  - “Fair share” of Medicaid and the Uninsured allocated through auto-enrollment
  - Targeted total cost of care targets tied to economic growth
  - Increased focus on population health
  - Large Self-Insured Employers given flexibility

- **Medical Darwinism**
  - 50+ million uninsured
  - Best care in the world based primarily on ability to pay
  - Doctors walk away from the poor
  - Widening performance disparities within and between states

- **Single Payer**
  - “You are not Canadian”
  - FFS Hamster Care
  - Massive transfer of income from rich to poor
  - Reduce the prices and incomes of all actors through government monopsony
  - “Balloon in a Box”
  - Change the mix: Get Rid of the Specialists
  - Good Luck With That
Battle of the Consumer Health Giants

- Health and Health care is reformulated by massive presence of consumer focused, national technology enabled brands who focus on prevention, wellness, digital and retail primary care for the high deductible marketplace
  - Google Health owns health search and navigation and AI based provider support
  - Apple owns self monitoring health technologies through watch, phone and new peripheral devices in the Apple phone ecosystem
  - Amazon Alexa MD provides simple AI driven symptom, consult, RX to door solutions for many common acute conditions (Included in Amazon Prime Plus Membership)
  - CVS Health Last Mile manages most chronic conditions through technology enabled analytics, monitoring and retail presence especially for older and lower income patients
  - 23 and Me owns genetic testing and supports both consumer demand and research innovation

- Acute Care and Procedure Care are Sold on a Spot Market based on price and quality
  - Haven pioneered the navigation tools for the procedure market in 2020
  - Provider networks bid for consumer access to plans and consumer giants

- Medicare, Medicaid and Employer Sponsors all contract with consumer giants as front end consumer facing service providers
  - Niche subscription offerings emerge such as One Medical, Oak Street Health, and other Dual Eligible plans
  - Many large employers internalize primary care offerings/clinics using national consumer giants as a base
Medicare Advantage reaches 60% of seniors by 2022

Migration of Medicaid Managed Care to Medicare Advantage platform

Exchange, Small Group, non subsidized individual market and residual uninsured folded in over a five year period from 2020-2025

Consumer choice of highly regulated MA plans sold through healthcare.gov or state exchanges

Medicare Advantage Buy Ins Allowed incrementally by age and employment Status throughout 2020s

Large Employers Allowed ERISA Waiver if they meet Federal Standards but Tax Deductibility of health benefits is phased out by 2030 causing many employers to cash out to defined contribution for the MA Marketplace

All hospital systems have coalesced into walled gardens of EPIC enabled virtual Kaiser like fortresses selling PMPM risk adjusted contracts and branding on science, service, technology outcomes and US News and World Report Reputation metrics of their captive doctors

Starting in 2025, states and feds set risk adjusted total cost of care targets for all programs including ERISA sponsored segment
• ACA Repealed and not Replaced when Trump is Re-elected in a major victory
• A Free for All “Market” based on ability to pay
• Medicaid Block Granted to states with per capita caps
• Pre-Existing condition protections remain in place but massive prices attached and subsidies greatly reduced
• “Safety Net” is charity, volunteerism, and bare bones Medicaid for neediest only
• Medicare Advantage for seniors
• No tax deductibility for employer sponsored coverage beyond catastrophic plans
• Blue States hit wall of raising state income taxes to sustain Obama era coverage, eventually rolling back Medicaid expansion
• A good job at least guarantees some bad coverage
• Slogan: “you really should have taken better care of yourself”
No Matter What: Pursue The Value Agenda

- Focus on getting the cost structure down in healthcare delivery
  - Culture: Make it everyone’s problem
  - Engagement with medical staff on physician sensitive preferences
  - Cost Discipline as a strategic priority
  - Waste avoidance, clinical standardization and variation elimination
  - Labor substitution such as scope of practice extenders, telehealth and alternate sites

- Partnering for Long Term Risk Delegation
  - Gov. Leavitt “25 Years in to a 40 Year Journey to Value”
  - Medicare Advantage for All?
  - Managed Medicaid for more?
  - Self Insured Employers: Will they go direct?

- Focus on 5/50
  - Segmentation and Analytics
  - Social Determinants of Health

- Scale
  - Scale matters in health insurance, PBMS, Supply Chain, Capital Creation but is it key for providers?
  - For providers: You need to be **big where you are** but be prepared to partner with others
  - Local Terroir varies
Losing Experienced RNs

**FIGURE 2**

Years of Experience Lost to the RN Workforce, 1980–2030

Years of experience is the product of the number of registered nurses (RNs) leaving the workforce and the average years of experience for each. The latter is approximated based on data from the National Sample Survey of Registered Nurses, conducted by the Health Resources and Services Administration, in which RNs were asked how many years they had worked as RNs. Source: Current Population Survey, 1980-2000, https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps.html. American Community Survey, 2001-2015, https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/.
Nurse Workforce Implications

- Nursing: 50% over 50, Faculty even older
- Nursing Shortages: Yes, but it depends on how we deliver care
- The delivery system needs to be transformed
  - Clinical redesign
  - Scope of Practice expansion
  - Advanced Practice Nurses and AI provide opportunities for new models of Primary Care and Improved efficiency of Advanced Care
  - More focused on the ambulatory environment and the continuum of care
  - Serving an expanded coverage population of low-income Americans
  - Incorporate Nursing Research Evidence on Quality Effects
Implications For Nursing And Nurse Education

• Nursing colleges are critical in leading this transformation
  • Educating a new workforce
  • Creating new leadership competencies
  • Challenging conventional delivery models

• Nursing needs to be at the table nationally and locally as leaders in positive transformation not just as a collective bargaining force

• We are counting on you